Name:		Hr.	
-------	--	-----	--

Force Inquiry Lab

This is an opportunity for you to get experience with each situation and commit to your opinions. Answer each of the following questions using your experience and your group discussions. No one else will see these answers, so answer them honestly. If you disagree with the group on any point, make sure that you write down your own ideas as well as the group's. **Do not erase anything unless it is a mathematical mistake**.

Free Body Diagrams (FBDs)- These consist of only the object in question and the forces that act on that object. Forces are vectors so you need to indicate the direction by using arrowheads.

For the Lab journal :

- 1. You will write the over all aim of this lab to be "Force Inquiry Lab To inquire about Forces and interactions"
- 2. You will note down the Lab materials you used for every station.
- 3. You will draw the set up for every station
- 4. There is no data collection or graph for this lab.
- 5. You will write the Analysis for this lab which are given below for every station. (You can cut paste this sheet or a copy from the class website)
- 6. You will write concluding statements for this lab

Station 1: Scales on Scales

Stand on each of the scales and read the numbers the scales give you.	
a. What type of reading is the larger number?	Materials:
b. What type of reading is the smaller number?	
c. What is the physical meaning of the larger number?	Set up Sketch:
d. What is the physical meaning of the smaller number?	
e. What is wrong with measuring each of the quantities with the same device?	
f. Describe one way you could demonstrate the difference in the readings.	

Station 2: Shaken

Hold a 100 g mass in your hand. Move it quickly side to side. Now do the same for the 1000 g mass.

a. What differences did you notice when you shook each of the masses?

	Materials:
b. Draw a free body diagrams for each of the masses during the shaking.	
	Set up Sketch:
c. Are the differences that you noted in part a caused by the difference in the weight of the objects? Explain your reasoning.	
d. Now repeat the exercise vertically instead of horizontally. Are the differences that you notice related to weight in this case? Explain your reasoning.	

Г

e. Which is easier to stop, a bowling ball or a soccer ball, each traveling at the same speed? Explain your reasoning.

Name:	Hr on Track	AP Physics C Lab 4		
	as it sits on the track. ody diagram for the ball.		Materials:	
			iviateriais.	
	\bigcirc		Set up Sketch:	
body diagram fo i. as the ball is bo ii. as the ball roll	r the ball: eing sped up. Is along the track.	Bring it to a stop at the other end. Draw a free		
i. i.	being brought the a rest.	ii. iii.		
\bigcirc		\bigcirc (\supset	
c. Now roll the bail.	all in the opposite direction	I. Identify the forces in the same positions as about ii.	ove.	
\bigcirc		\bigcirc (\bigcirc	
d. What can you	tell about an object's motio	on from a free body diagram?		
Station 4: Tug-				
You will be usin		maximum reading of 50 N. Gradually increases	e your pull and be careful not to	
	exceed	<u>the 50 N limit.</u>		

I. Have two group members stand stationary and gently pull in opposite directions on the force Materials: probes.

a. What is the meaning of the reading from each of the probes?

b. Have one of the members try to pull harder than the other while staying at rest. Describe your results.

c. Draw a free body diagram of each person.

II. We are going to simulate winning at Tug-o-War. One person (Winner) will move backward while pulling and the other person (Loser) will move forward while pulling back. Be careful to not exceed the 50 N reading on either scale.a. Draw a free body diagram for the winner.

Set up Sketch:

b. Draw a free body diagram for the loser.

Station 5: Fan Cart

****Caution: When operating the fan cart, take care to not get your fingers around the blade. Make sure that the fan cart is securely attached to the dynamics cart before turning on the fan.****

Use the stopwatch and meter sticks to measure the acceleration of the cart for the combinations listed below. Start the cart(s) from rest.

Fan Cart +	Time (s)	Distance	Acceleration
One Cart			
Two Carts			
Three Carts			
Four Carts			

a. Draw a free body diagram for the system of carts which are being accelerated (include the fan cart).

b. What happens to the force of the air on the system as you add mass to the system?

c. What happens to the acceleration of the system as you add mass?

d. What would happen to the accelerations if you used the high speed instead of the low?

Station 6: Springs

Hang the masses from the spring and measure the amount the spring extends. Fill in the chart below, then graph the results.

Mass (g)	Weight (N)	Extension()
20	0.20	
40	0.40	
60	0.60	
80	0.80	
100	1.0	

F				
0 "		 	 	
r				
c		 	 	
e				
	•••••	 •••••	 	
		•	•	

a. Draw a free body diagram for the hanging mass.

Materials:

Extension

b. What does your graph tell you about the relationship between the force applied by a spring and the distance it is extended? Explain your reasoning.

c. How far would the spring have to be extended to provide a force of 0.50 N? Explain how you found your answer.

Set up Sketch:

Materials:

Set up Sketch:

Attach a hanging mass to the string that is attached to the cart. Make sure that the string remains parallel to the track as you hang the mass over the pulley. Before you allow the system to move, check that the hanging mass will land on the padding provided.

a. Record the mass of the cart and the mass that is hanging from the string.

b. Use the photogate and picket fence to determine the acceleration of the cart. (Make sure that the gap spacing constant in the program corresponds to the band you are using.)

- c. How does the acceleration of the cart compare to the acceleration of the hanging mass?
- d. Draw a free body diagram for the cart.
- e. Draw a free body diagram for the hanging mass.
- f. For each pair of forces, identify which is the larger force:i. Force of rope on cart, Force of rope on hanging mass
 - ii. Force of gravity on hanging mass, Force of rope on hanging mass
 - iii. Force of rope on cart, Force of gravity on the hanging mass
- g. Explain briefly why each of the objects in the system accelerates.

Materials:

Set up Sketch:

AP Physics C Lab 4